Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method for generating a representation of a document comprising:

sampling the document to obtain a plurality of overlapping blocks;

choosing a subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks; and

compacting the subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks to obtain the representation of the document.

2. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein compacting the subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks includes setting bits in the representation of the document based on the subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the representation of the document includes a fingerprint of a predetermined length.

4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the predetermined length is eight or sixteen bytes.

5. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

generating checksum values for the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks.

6. (Currently amended) The method of claim 5, wherein choosing a subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks includes selecting a predetermined number of the smallest checksum values.

7. (Currently amended) The method of claim 5, wherein choosing a subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks includes selecting a predetermined number of the largest checksum values.

8. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

hashing the subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks to a length for indexing the representation of the document.

9. (Currently amended) The method of claim 8, wherein hashing the subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks includes taking a number of least significant bits of the subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks.

10. (Currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein setting the bits includes flipping a bit in the representation of the document when the bit corresponds to a ~~sampled~~ block in the subset of ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks.

11. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein each of the plurality of overlapping blocks [[are]] is of a predetermined length.

12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein sampling the document further includes:

padding null characters to the document when a length of the document is below the predetermined length.

13. (Currently amended) A method for generating a representation of a document comprising:

sampling the document to obtain a plurality of overlapping samples;

selecting a predetermined number of the plurality of overlapping samples as those of the samples corresponding to a predetermined number of smallest samples or a predetermined number of largest samples; and

setting bits in the representation of the document based on the selected predetermined number of the samples.

14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the representation of the document includes a fingerprint of a predetermined length.

15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the predetermined length is eight or sixteen bytes.

16. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising:

generating checksum values for the samples; and

selecting the predetermined number of the samples as those of the samples corresponding to a predetermined number of the smallest checksum values or a predetermined number of the largest checksum values.

17. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising:

hashing the predetermined number of the samples to a length for indexing the representation of the document.

18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein hashing the predetermined number of the samples includes taking a number of least significant bits of the predetermined number of samples.

19. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein setting bits in the representation of the document includes flipping a bit in the representation of the document when the bit is addressed by the hashed samples.

20. (Currently amended) A computer-implemented device comprising:

a fingerprint creation component to generate a fingerprint of a predetermined length for an input document, the fingerprint generated by

sampling the input document to obtain samples,

choosing a subset of the samples, and

generating the fingerprint from the subset of the samples by compacting the subset of the samples; and

a similarity detection component to compare pairs of fingerprints to determine whether the pairs of fingerprints correspond to near-duplicate documents.

21. (Currently amended) The computer-implemented device of claim 20, further including:

a search engine to return documents to a user as a single link when the documents are determined to correspond to near-duplicate documents.

22. (Currently amended) The computer-implemented device of claim 20, wherein the similarity detection component compares the pairs of fingerprints by calculating a hamming distance.

23. (Currently amended) The computer-implemented device of claim 22, wherein the similarity detection component determines that the pairs of documents correspond to near-duplicate documents when the hamming distance is below a threshold.

24. (Currently amended) The computer-implemented device of claim 20, wherein the fingerprint creation component additionally:

chooses the subset as a predetermined number of smallest checksums calculated from the subset of the samples.

25. (Currently amended) The computer-implemented device of claim 20, wherein the fingerprint creation component additionally:

chooses the subset as a predetermined number of largest checksums calculated from the subset of the samples.

26. (Currently amended) A computer-implemented device comprising:

means for sampling a document to obtain a plurality of overlapping blocks;

means for choosing a subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks; and

means for compacting the subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks to obtain a compact representation of the document.

27. (Currently amended) The computer-implemented device of claim 26, further comprising:

means for calculating checksum values for the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks, wherein the means for choosing a subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks chooses the subset based on the checksum values.

28. (Currently amended) The computer-implemented device of claim 27, wherein the means for choosing a subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks chooses the subset as a predetermined number of the smallest checksum values.

29. (Currently amended) The computer-implemented device of claim 27, wherein the means for choosing a subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks

chooses the subset as a predetermined number of the largest checksum values.

30. (Currently amended) The computer-implemented device of claim 27, wherein the means for compacting the subset of ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks includes means for flipping bits in the compact representation that are addressed by a hashed version of the checksum values.

31. (Currently amended) A computer-readable ~~medium~~ memory device containing program instructions that, when executed by a processor, cause the processor to:

sample a document to obtain a plurality of overlapping samples;

select a predetermined number of the plurality of overlapping samples as those of the samples corresponding to a predetermined number of the smallest samples or a predetermined number of largest samples; and

set bits in a representation of the document based on the selected predetermined number of the samples.

32. (Currently amended) The computer-readable ~~medium~~ memory device of claim 31, further including program instructions that, when executed by the processor, cause the processor to:

hash the predetermined number of the samples to a length for indexing the representation of the document.

33. (Currently amended) The computer-readable ~~medium~~ memory device of claim 32, wherein hashing the predetermined number of the samples includes taking a number of least significant bits of the predetermined number of samples.

34. (Currently amended) A computer-implemented device comprising:

means for sampling a document to obtain a plurality of overlapping blocks;

means for calculating checksum values for the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks;

means for choosing a subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks based on the calculated checksum values; and

means for setting bits in a compact representation of the document based on the subset of the ~~sampled~~ plurality of overlapping blocks for flipping bits in the compact representation that are addressed by a hashed version of the checksum values.